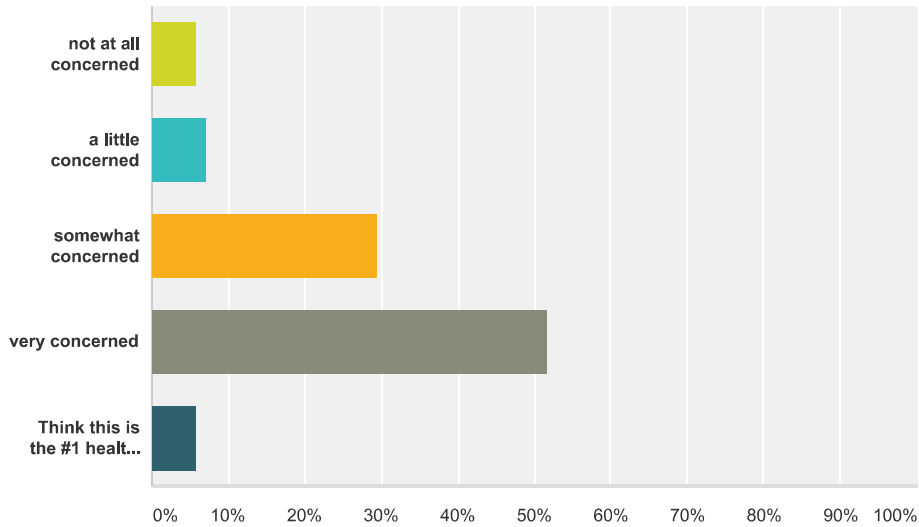


Q1 How concerned are you about the potential impacts of climate change on health and well-being of Hawaii residents?

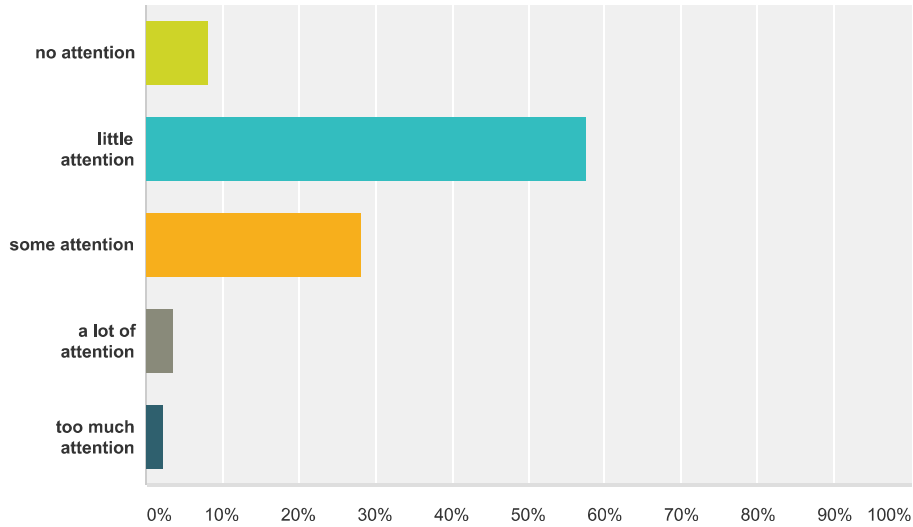
Answered: 85 Skipped: 0



Answer Choices	Responses
not at all concerned	5.88% 5
a little concerned	7.06% 6
somewhat concerned	29.41% 25
very concerned	51.76% 44
Think this is the #1 health issue today	5.88% 5
Total	85

Q2 How much attention do you feel Hawaii has received to date on the issues surrounding the impacts of climate change on health?

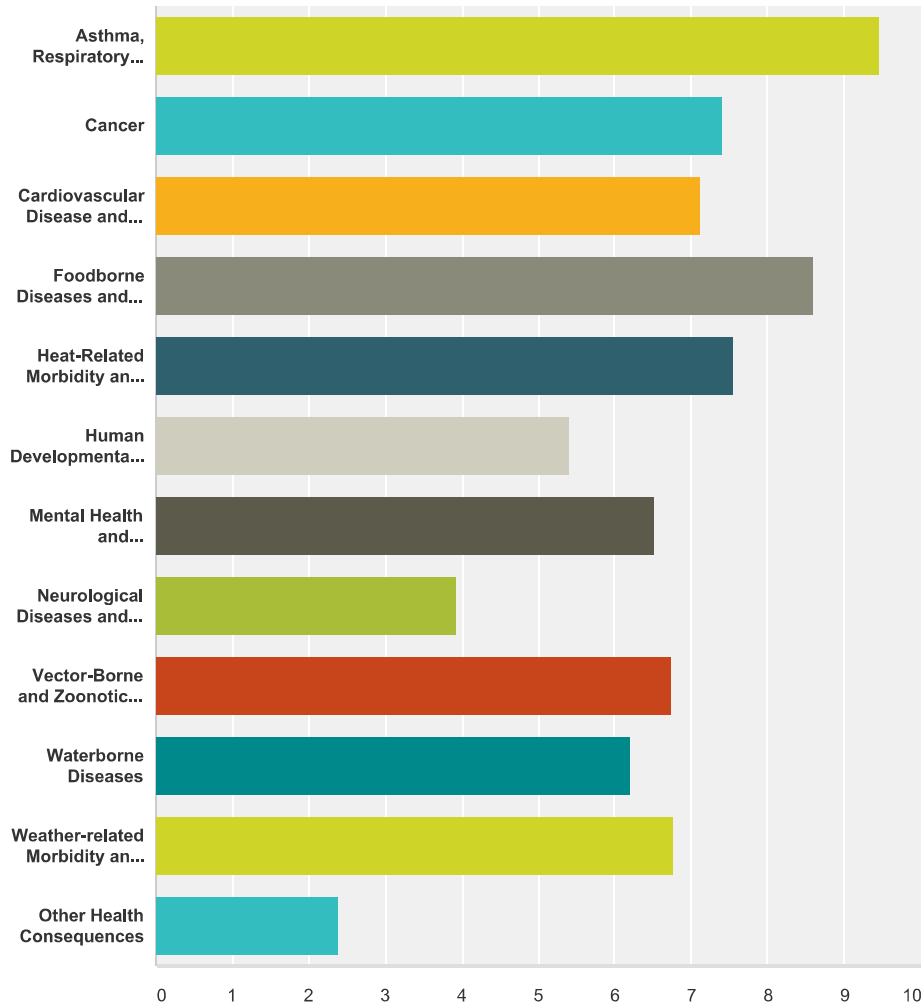
Answered: 85 Skipped: 0



Answer Choices	Responses
no attention	8.24% 7
little attention	57.65% 49
some attention	28.24% 24
a lot of attention	3.53% 3
too much attention	2.35% 2
Total	85

Q3 In terms of human health consequences of climate change, please rank the top 3 for Hawaii's residents in terms of risks to health? (1 =most risk, 12= least risk)Click HERE for detailed info from IPCC for more info on each category.

Answered: 83 Skipped: 2



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	Average Ranking
Asthma, Respiratory Allergies and Airway Diseases	27.71% 23	13.25% 11	9.64% 8	26.51% 22	6.02% 5	6.02% 5	1.20% 1	4.82% 4	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	2.41% 2	1.20% 1	83	9.46
Cancer	8.43% 7	9.64% 8	6.02% 5	16.87% 14	18.07% 15	12.05% 10	2.41% 2	6.02% 5	2.41% 2	7.23% 6	7.23% 6	3.61% 3	83	7.42
Cardiovascular Disease and Stroke	1.20% 1	10.84% 9	9.64% 8	9.64% 8	16.87% 14	16.87% 14	6.02% 5	10.84% 9	7.23% 6	4.82% 4	2.41% 2	3.61% 3	83	7.12
Foodborne Diseases and Nutrition	10.84% 9	7.23% 6	20.48% 17	13.25% 11	14.46% 12	16.87% 14	13.25% 11	1.20% 1	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	83	8.60

Heat-Related Morbidity and Mortality	8.54% 7	7.32% 6	10.98% 9	6.10% 5	9.76% 8	15.85% 13	28.05% 23	3.66% 3	3.66% 3	4.88% 4	1.22% 1	0.00% 0	82	7.55
Human Developmental Effects	3.61% 3	2.41% 2	3.61% 3	0.00% 0	4.82% 4	7.23% 6	21.69% 18	20.48% 17	15.66% 13	13.25% 11	3.61% 3	3.61% 3	83	5.41
Mental Health and Stress-Related Disorders	6.02% 5	7.23% 6	7.23% 6	4.82% 4	10.84% 9	7.23% 6	8.43% 7	16.87% 14	19.28% 16	9.64% 8	2.41% 2	0.00% 0	83	6.51
Neurological Diseases and Disorders	1.20% 1	1.20% 1	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	1.20% 1	2.41% 2	4.82% 4	15.66% 13	24.10% 20	27.71% 23	18.07% 15	2.41% 2	83	3.92
Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases	9.64% 8	8.43% 7	14.46% 12	3.61% 3	7.23% 6	1.20% 1	9.64% 8	10.84% 9	13.25% 11	14.46% 12	7.23% 6	0.00% 0	83	6.75
Waterborne Diseases	2.41% 2	14.46% 12	7.23% 6	13.25% 11	7.23% 6	6.02% 5	4.82% 4	1.20% 1	3.61% 3	14.46% 12	22.89% 19	2.41% 2	83	6.20
Weather-related Morbidity and Mortality	16.87% 14	15.66% 13	7.23% 6	4.82% 4	3.61% 3	7.23% 6	0.00% 0	6.02% 5	2.41% 2	1.20% 1	27.71% 23	7.23% 6	83	6.76
Other Health Consequences	3.61% 3	2.41% 2	2.41% 2	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	1.20% 1	0.00% 0	2.41% 2	6.02% 5	2.41% 2	3.61% 3	74.70% 62	83	2.39

Q4 Please give a brief rationale for your top three health risks ranked above. (200 words or less please)

Answered: 64 Skipped: 21

#	Responses	Date
1	1. HI is warming and will continue to warm, especially at high elevations. This will expand habitat for existing diseases and vectors such as mosquitoes, and create a warmer habitat for new diseases to take hold. 2. As an overall exacerbator of existing issues, climate and sea-level rise will make weather extreme events (storms, wave overwash events, flooding, drought, high tides) more frequent and more impactful.3. As air temp rises, water temp rises, raising opportunities for more viral and bacterial diseases and blooms in both fresh and nearshore ocean waters.	8/20/2014 9:16 AM
2	Very little access for mental health care and socioeconomic challenges making people desperate	8/19/2014 8:17 AM
3	Climate change will likely result in flooding of coastal areas, more storm systems, and increases in temperature and humidity.	8/15/2014 11:51 AM
4	Respiratory: vog/ag Weather/environmental: flash floods, hurricanes,	8/14/2014 10:19 AM
5	1. People do not take responsibility for their own health--thus poor health behaviors and denial 2. Public health does too much focus on the problems and not solution focus enough 3. Mental illness	8/14/2014 10:13 AM
6	1.hospital admissions, ED visits 2.natural diasters 3.children left in hot cars	8/14/2014 8:50 AM
7	vog and nutrition	8/9/2014 11:21 PM
8	Gap between rich and poor is expanding. The migrants and immigrants are taxing the system expecting everything for free. Those working are supporting those who expect everything for free. Health is stressed due to lack of expectations for those who insist in wanting everything for nothing,	8/6/2014 7:31 AM
9	Changes to the water table and air quality in hawaii may lead to changes in health relating to my top 3 picks.	8/6/2014 12:09 AM
10	Storms, raising sea level, polluted /contaminated water	8/5/2014 5:08 PM
11	All three are already risks in Hawaii and increases in Global warming will only increase the risk.	8/5/2014 4:23 PM
12	Climatic changes have profoundly affect behavior of human, animal and environment. Adaption to environmental changes impacts all living things in planet. Unfortunately, it includes and also the known vectors within locality.	8/5/2014 2:23 PM
13	weather change will cause more disasters and disrupt water and food systems.	8/5/2014 1:59 PM
14	(1) Immediate impact on reef ecology, run off, taro, etc. increasing number of brown water advisories; (2) impact on healthy food supply; (3) mold mildew, etc.	8/5/2014 1:11 PM
15	I think the increase in pollution from the VOG, smog, and water pollution in the ocean is going to effect many children and elderly people.	8/5/2014 11:55 AM
16	Infrastructure around our most valuable resource (clean water) and its sanitary separation from waste (sewer) need to be well maintained and preserved. Without clean water we set ourselves up for 3rd world problems.	8/5/2014 11:38 AM
17	Adequate water supply, and clean water supply, op my concerns. Close behind that is the ability to sustain life on this island without the access to grow food for sustainability.	8/5/2014 11:37 AM
18	CLimate changes impact air quality and can contribute to breathing disorders. With differences in climate, weather is impacted and make negative consequences on humans' morbidity and mortality with extreme temps. Climate changes effect crops and can increase crop related diseases.	8/5/2014 11:27 AM
19	the vog and humidity can cause more individuals to stay inside and breathe airconned air, which could have higher levels of mold and other toxins due to the age of many of the buildings in hawaii.	8/5/2014 11:26 AM
20	increase in vector-borne disease and zoonotic disease already being seen.	8/5/2014 11:14 AM
21	Smoking, vog and fireworks are a problems for all humans and animals to breath. skin cancer is big problem from overexposure to the sun. Smoking kills--must stand up to tobacco companies and get them out of the USA.	8/4/2014 9:16 AM

22	Hawaii does not typically experience vector borne illnesses. With more people traveling globally, it is possible for more of the vectors and people with vector borne illnesses to converge in Hawaii.	8/3/2014 4:58 PM
23	Changing weather patterns - increased risk of tsunami and hurricanes. Hawaii already high for asthma - increased allergens.	8/3/2014 4:36 PM
24	These top 3, are all related to the environment we live in, i.e. air, water, land....upon which / in which we live. simply Healthy environment = healthy life	8/2/2014 5:01 PM
25	Cancer and Cardiovascular disease account for more than the others for prevalence	8/2/2014 8:44 AM
26	Increased risk for skin cancer is why I rated cancer first. Increased risk for asthma and respiratory disease because of ozone issues is why I rated it second.	8/1/2014 1:12 PM
27	We live on the island surrounding water and on the volcanic rocks.	7/31/2014 1:09 PM
28	1-skin cancers due to more sun/depletion of ozone layer will rise and at an earlier age (with longevity virtually no one will escape unless our entire life style and society changes!) 2-With more sun/less cloud cover/less rain the climate will be hotter and hotter (and so many can't afford air conditioning) 3--Already, with and more vog in the past few years and less rain to bring it down, my asthma and allergies have worsened considerably--and many on Maui have been similarly affected at an increasing rate over the past 8 years or so.	7/31/2014 11:14 AM
29	I'm already feeling the heat, and I know that researchers at UH have predicted this to be a noticeable problem in the next 15 years.	7/30/2014 11:01 PM
30	We are seeing vector-born diseases such as chikungunya for the 1st time in the north Pacific. I anticipate weather-related (drought, storms, etc) will become more prevalent affecting populations and these will have an impact on food production	7/30/2014 5:52 PM
31	1. Impacts to fresh water availability 2. Increase of range of vectors 3. Impact to agriculture	7/30/2014 4:04 PM
32	air and water quality then stressors	7/30/2014 1:07 PM
33	1) Deteriorating infrastructure and access to food, shelter, and services. 2) Waterborne diseases related to the deteriorating infrastructure. 3) Heat-related morbidity related to deteriorating infrastructure.	7/30/2014 12:46 PM
34	I think your choices are ignorant and demonstrate a continued narrow vision of what health is and how to measure it, disappointing, my "rational" is that these are the best options you gave me to choose from.	7/30/2014 10:55 AM
35	climate change will impact food and water supplies. Especially at risk are island communities. Other islands in the Pacific are already under stress due to climate change	7/30/2014 10:31 AM
36	Phone wouldn't allow ranking...cancer due to increased radiation exposure, water issues with acidification of ocean/decreased species variability, issues with food supply (insufficient water to grow crops etc)	7/29/2014 10:07 PM
37	Hawaii will suffer adversely from rising seas, less water to use, and reduced tradewinds--hotter weather. Other impacts may be loss of access to food and other supplies since we are 95% dependent on out of state resources--will need to be more self-sufficient-	7/29/2014 8:28 PM
38	The lack of air conditioning in many homes and apartments will become a major health risk if the temperature increases. This will impact the poor and elderly most.	7/29/2014 4:54 PM
39	Sources of illness and morbidity with environmental factors are more likely to manifest faster than chronic/congenital conditions.	7/29/2014 4:36 PM
40	1)Disorganized energy leads to cancer. 2) People are always on edge wondering when the next disaster or stressful event is going to happen to them. 3) I think that the "DNA" of the environment affects the "DNA" of people.	7/29/2014 4:24 PM
41	Weather is directly related to asthma.	7/29/2014 3:52 PM
42	There is a lack of knowledge and understanding from the general community at large about the human brain and its response to the environment. Early identification/detection of the top 3 health conditions needs to take place during the pre-conceptual care phase and across the life span.	7/29/2014 3:31 PM
43	Ebola, Giardia, rat lung dx	7/29/2014 3:24 PM
44	Loss of agricultural land, increase dependence on off island resources Increased exposure to sun (loss of ozone) and ingestion of toxins Increase in weather events which will leave the islands stranded with emergency support on able to arrive long after the disaster	7/29/2014 2:47 PM

45	basic health priorities are airway/breathing/respiratory and circulation/cardiovascular. Third is due to environmental factors such as pesticide use in agriculture that impacts on what we eat, where we live. In the field, there have been many children with physical and developmental issues of birth defects or medical conditions that may have been related to environmental factors as I saw patterns in the cases I've carried.	7/29/2014 12:46 PM
46	As Hawaii ages, ambient temperature will mean much more in health related terms. Weather patterns are shifting and violent storms will be more likely. Heat and exertion are strong triggers for respiratory disease.	7/29/2014 12:36 PM
47	I am most aware of the connection between climate change and increased outdoor temperature in Hawaii and increased severe weather.	7/29/2014 11:44 AM
48	Public health professionals and advocates need to become better prepared to speak to the impact of short and long term climate change impacts on health	7/29/2014 11:30 AM
49	The VOG will not change unless the wind direction changes so this has nothing to do with CC and temp will not change current plants so no effect on allergies. Hawaii is already hot so a slight increase in temp will not affect much at all. Vectors are not going to change and any new VBD will not be due to climate. Heat waves will affect elderly susceptible and then nobody for a while. HI will be most affected by effects on other countries that supply HI with food and energy.	7/29/2014 11:26 AM
50	Cancer - High exposure to the sun, traffic/waste; Asthma/etc - Exposure to vog; Foodborne Diseases/Nutrition - Heat and high costs for proper refrigeration/cooling make for poor food preservation conditions	7/29/2014 11:20 AM
51	Changing temperatures and environments could lead to different diseases emerging; there are numerous studies on the effects of weather/environment on mental health and stress.	7/29/2014 11:17 AM
52	It's the risks I see more frequent	7/29/2014 10:35 AM
53	flooding and impact on water systems	7/29/2014 10:34 AM
54	Mental Health is a severe problem in Hawaii and having any type of climate change will effect the current lack of needed services. In addition, cancers have been increasing in various populations and not really knowing the impacts climate change has on it is of concern and with the way of life most people in Hawaii live, dependence of processed food, lack of exercise and co-morbidity of other illnesses, increases in cardiovascular disease will definitely increase.	7/29/2014 10:27 AM
55	This is an admittedly selfish list--things that I know affect (and are likely to affect) me personally as a resident of Hawaii/US. Should also be said that migrants/immigrants coming from pacific islands devastated by climate change will also be a huge concern for Hawaii/US.	7/29/2014 10:12 AM
56	Global climate change is going to affect the food system and food quality and supply. This will result in diseases starting with from human developmental effects in utero, and	7/29/2014 10:02 AM
57	Already dealing with effects of weather on crops globally, as well as use of GMO crops and forsee this only getting worse. Weather as events will increase in intensity, people not being prepared, etc. Mental health as these events and others on the list are stressful, scary, emotional, and so forth.	7/29/2014 9:31 AM
58	Ignoring climate change leads to inappropriate development, and thus to tragedy from extreme weather events. Climate change will change ranges and exposures to various insects and associated diseases. Climate change will devastate traditional agricultural practices, hurting those who rely on such activities.	7/29/2014 9:29 AM
59	http://health.hawaii.gov/epo/climate-change/ Please see the above website page that I wrote and the corresponding links that describe the likely health and environmental impacts predicted by international, national and local experts in regards to islands.	7/29/2014 9:22 AM
60	When - not if - we have a major hurricane, the immediate effect on our health will be evident. Disease and suffering related to food and water availability, Vector-borne pathogens will be very impactful.	7/29/2014 9:13 AM
61	Relative memory of past patterns and its effect on daily living expectations	7/29/2014 9:12 AM
62	Elderly population re: heat risk and repeated flooding due to storms, etc could increase waterborne diseases, followed by increasing risk for emerging infectious and zoonotic diseases after years of changing climate.	7/29/2014 9:08 AM
63	Increasing effects of vog due to diminishing trade winds. Food and water insecurity due to climate change effects.	7/29/2014 9:05 AM
64	Unscientific hype and exaggeration about climate change are causing mental anguish.	7/29/2014 9:04 AM

Q5 Given your rankings above, what would be your ONE (1) primary recommendation to policy-makers that you feel would help address the #1 health related climate change risk you identified? (200 words or less please)

Answered: 61 Skipped: 24

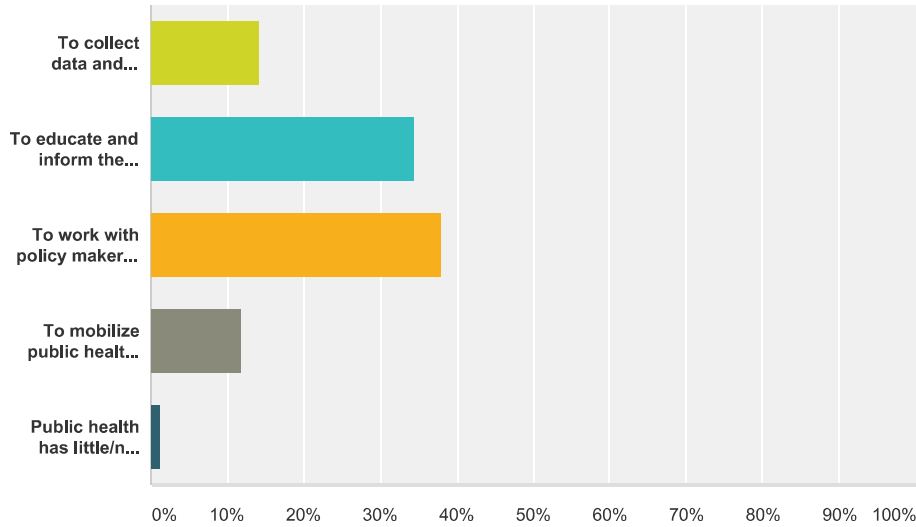
#	Responses	Date
1	While the climate related health risks listed above are real, I think the largest immediate impact of climate on Hawaii's human health is as a stressor of existing issues - i.e. it will make our existing (also very real) health problems more difficult to address in every way. For this reason, any policy recommendation should be FLEXIBLE and INTEGRATED - meaning able to take in new information and combining both climate impacts with existing health stressors. My main policy recommendation from a more specific climate and water viewpoint would be to finally establish better water quality monitoring and standards statewide so we could at least track the changes consistently and perhaps see the problems coming.	8/20/2014 9:16 AM
2	Invest in drug and alcohol treatment and tx for mental illness	8/19/2014 8:17 AM
3	The primary recommendation are steps to reduce/stabilize climate change.	8/15/2014 11:51 AM
4	Protect and bolster Ag land and support local produce (non-GMO)	8/14/2014 9:41 PM
5	Do a proper environmental needs assessment before starting massive or small interventions	8/14/2014 10:19 AM
6	Recycling is not done enough Self-responsibility	8/14/2014 10:13 AM
7	Mental stress caused by obsession with a natural phenomenon	8/14/2014 9:23 AM
8	promote better nutrition in schools	8/9/2014 11:21 PM
9	Accept mental illness as a very real pathology that needs to be addressed in a respectful arena,	8/6/2014 7:31 AM
10	Ensuring access to safe and clean water should the climate change and we can no longer rely on our current water sourcing system.	8/6/2014 12:09 AM
11	help reduce global warming	8/5/2014 5:08 PM
12	Continue to change personal, institutional and government behaviors to modify global warming and educate and adapt to the inevitable changes that will increase.	8/5/2014 4:23 PM
13	Shifting of resources to address, mitigate & fortified gaps & challenges anticipated to climatic changes in the communities.	8/5/2014 2:23 PM
14	IF the data supports issues/concerns with effluents, run-offs or even warm water discharge from Kahe power plant, for example; then would work toward more responsible business practices and accountability	8/5/2014 1:11 PM
15	Help Hawaii stay clean by protecting the beaches, parks, and creating more of a friendly environment where we do not need to drive cars	8/5/2014 11:55 AM
16	Assure that facilities that catch fresh and clean water are maintained along with its separation by maintaining and upgrading sewer and run-off systems. Any new "residential or commercial" development should provide plans incumber pay for the planning, construction, and, cost of upgrading sewer capacity, so as to not to have ANY (zero) negative effect on its surrounding or neighboring community nor nearby waterways in the region.	8/5/2014 11:38 AM
17	PRIORITIZE recycling programs, clean water preservation, and maintenance of infrastructure to prevent sewage spills and water main breaks. Also make it easier (via tax credits and subsidies) to grow and sustain agriculture.	8/5/2014 11:37 AM
18	Monitor air quality and changes in it from climate change to decrease negative impact on humans.	8/5/2014 11:27 AM
19	recommending tax breaks for mold inspections in homes.	8/5/2014 11:26 AM

20	Ban smoking in all public places everywhere--beaches, outside buildings and ban fireworks completely. More shade trees everywhere especially at beaches, park, parking lots and other public places. Work with Outdoor Circle to do this.	8/4/2014 9:16 AM
21	I didn't see food security as a choice in this survey. Over 80% of our foods are imported. California is faced with a drought of unprecedented proportions. We will see an increase in fruit and nut prices as well as a decrease in supply. Can Hawaii be self sufficient if the farms in North America come up short? Not likely. Food supply affects nutrition. Nutrition affects health.	8/3/2014 4:58 PM
22	Actively start preparing now.	8/3/2014 4:36 PM
23	Environmental issues are sustainability issues and if we have dirty air, dirty water and "dirty" soil, we'll not be healthy and have a greatly diminished quality of life.	8/2/2014 5:01 PM
24	Less dependence on petroleum based resources and less dependence on imported food	8/2/2014 8:44 AM
25	Public education to all who are expose to the outdoors- workers, students, sports participants and etc.... all ways to protect from the sun.	8/1/2014 1:12 PM
26	Definitely tanning beds should be outlawed in Hawaii (should we have hours to limit beach use before 10 am and after 4 pm?? I worry about little children--and teens--growing up with SO much sun exposure/damage from infancy!!) Sun screen hasn't done much for me for decades--and its so easy to have allergic reactions of the skin to the higher SPF products...its better to stay out of the sun! We probably need a (national?)requirement for SPF of 50 + in car and bus windows too... I think we're going to have to live underground--in the future--which will be difficult, given volcanic rock!	7/31/2014 11:14 AM
27	Education of policy-makers as to anticipated affect on health so that resources can be devoted to education of the health community and public	7/30/2014 5:52 PM
28	Understand the impact of loss of fresh water resources	7/30/2014 4:04 PM
29	Build away from the coasts. Water is rising. Invest in infrastructure improvements.	7/30/2014 12:46 PM
30	dont kow	7/30/2014 11:01 AM
31	Start thinking about sea-level rise now and what you want Hawaii to look like in 100 years.	7/30/2014 10:55 AM
32	Any steps to protect the ocean (from litter, dumping, accidental spills/leaks, over fishing)	7/29/2014 10:07 PM
33	Reduce carbon polluters including cars/traffic and actively support more solar energy, edible/nutritious food sources--support local self sufficiency for the long-term--	7/29/2014 8:28 PM
34	Home modifications and affordable homes for the less advantaged.	7/29/2014 4:54 PM
35	Resources for monitoring/research/planning	7/29/2014 4:36 PM
36	Early screening for breast, colon, uterine and skin cancer.	7/29/2014 4:24 PM
37	2nd hand smoke, climate risks	7/29/2014 3:52 PM
38	Neurological screening is equally as important as screening for the other medical conditions.	7/29/2014 3:31 PM
39	Contained food production resources	7/29/2014 3:24 PM
40	Develop programs and incentives to have everyone begin to grow their own food, purchase local grown foods and become sustainable that way	7/29/2014 2:47 PM
41	Promote education from early childhood/families all the way through their education in high or college	7/29/2014 12:46 PM
42	severely restrict auto and industrial emissions.	7/29/2014 12:36 PM
43	Education, especially on the dangers of heat for our elders and keiki	7/29/2014 11:44 AM
44	learning and informing policy makers of the potential imacts of climate change on health	7/29/2014 11:30 AM
45	Protect the low lying areas - e.g. the port and the fuel storage - one tsunami could wipe them out. Help prevent beach erosion and do not leave shore fortification up to residents. New policy to prevent establishment of industries in low lying areas.	7/29/2014 11:26 AM
46	Incorporate cancer risks/education into school curriculum	7/29/2014 11:20 AM
47	More funding and resource support for public health epidemiology and department of health efforts.	7/29/2014 11:17 AM

48	water systems are protected, maintained, monitored to ensure the health of the people of Hawaii	7/29/2014 10:34 AM
49	Since Mental Health is a serious problem and affects all citizens on our island, providing more funding into how to address the needs of the mentally ill will go a long way.	7/29/2014 10:27 AM
50	More regulation of the food industry! And this include regulation of corporate polluters (that impact environments that in turn affect our food production) and corporate greed that lead to shortcuts that lead to unhealthy and unregulated food production.	7/29/2014 10:12 AM
51	Make green energy cheaper and tax fossil fuels more.	7/29/2014 10:02 AM
52	Education, awareness, and even money to support families and communities with food sustainability, as well as support for non-GMO.	7/29/2014 9:31 AM
53	Wake UP!! Pay attention. Make data-driven policy decisions that look well into the future and promote an environmentally sustainable way of life.	7/29/2014 9:29 AM
54	Focus on policies related to food security and safety	7/29/2014 9:29 AM
55	Given my current position I would have to say diseases and thus full funding of the State Laboratory to ensure full function on Oahu and all Neighbor islands, national accreditation and assistance to the rest of the U.S. Pacific territories (American Samoa, CNMI, Marshall Islands, Guam etc.)	7/29/2014 9:22 AM
56	If allergies/airway disease cannot be controlled due to climate change, I think we can alleviate what also contributes to allergies/airway disease that can be changed/controlled. Policies should continue to advocate for individuals with these conditions regarding smoke-free environments and regulations on e-cigarettes.	7/29/2014 9:14 AM
57	Take steps to protect & enhance our fresh water resources.	7/29/2014 9:13 AM
58	Make it part of every analysis	7/29/2014 9:12 AM
59	heat related morbidity and mortality throughout Asia and the Pacific and, of course Hawaii.	7/29/2014 9:08 AM
60	Education on climate change	7/29/2014 9:05 AM
61	Base policy on actual science not ideological politics	7/29/2014 9:04 AM

Q6 What do you see as the PRIMARY ROLE of the public health community in addressing health –related effects of climate change? (Choose one)

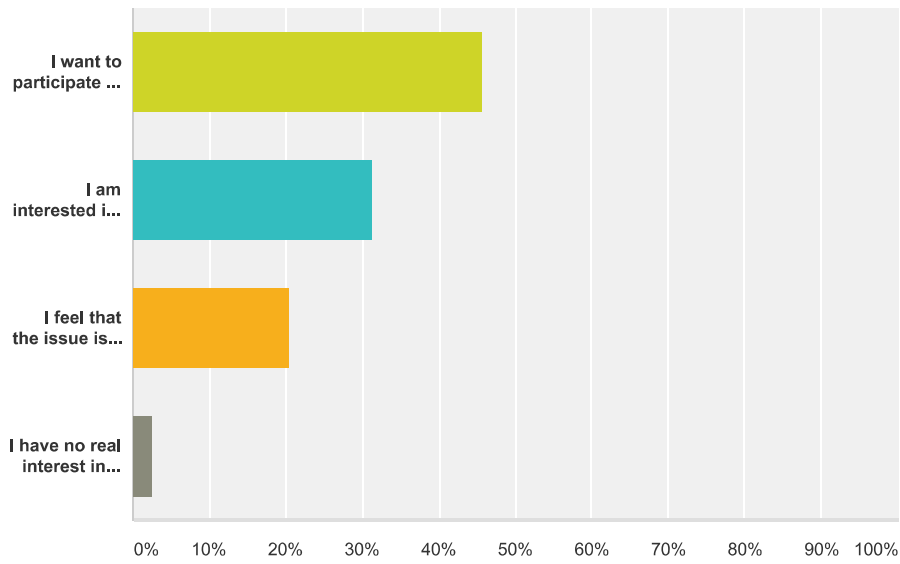
Answered: 84 Skipped: 1



Answer Choices	Responses
To collect data and information on changing health status of the population	14.29% 12
To educate and inform the public regarding potential/pending threats to health	34.52% 29
To work with policy makers on addressing potential impacts of climate change on health	38.10% 32
To mobilize public health and ensure a coordinated response to health threats	11.90% 10
Public health has little/no role to play on this issue	1.19% 1
Total	84

Q7 In terms of climate change and its health impacts, my feelings about my personal role on this issue is: (Choose one)

Answered: 83 Skipped: 2



Answer Choices	Responses	
I want to participate in the PH response to climate change in health	45.78%	38
I am interested in the response but do not feel I have the information or skills to address the issue	31.33%	26
I feel that the issue is better handled by others with climate change-specific expertise	20.48%	17
I have no real interest in being a part of the climate change and health response effort	2.41%	2
Total		83